

MAURITIAN
STANDARD

MS ISO/TS
11602-2:2010

First edition
2019-02-23

**Fire protection — Portable
and wheeled fire
extinguishers —
Part 2:
Inspection and maintenance**

ICS: 13.220.10



Mauritius Standards Bureau

Moka

National Foreword

This Mauritian Standard is identical with the International Standard **ISO/TS 11602-2:2010: Fire protection — Portable and wheeled fire extinguishers — Part 2: Inspection and maintenance**. It was adopted by the Mauritius Standards Bureau on the recommendation of the **Mechanical Engineering Standards Committee** through its **Subcommittee on Fire Extinguishers** and approved by the **Standards Council** on **31 January 2019**. It was notified in **the Government Gazette** on **23 February 2019***.

For the purpose of this standard the following change should be made:

the 'decimal comma' should be replaced by 'decimal point'.

General notice no 258 of 2019



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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

International Standards are drafted in accordance with the rules given in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

The main task of technical committees is to prepare International Standards. Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for voting. Publication as an International Standard requires approval by at least 75 % of the member bodies casting a vote.

In other circumstances, particularly when there is an urgent market requirement for such documents, a technical committee may decide to publish other types of document:

- an ISO Publicly Available Specification (ISO/PAS) represents an agreement between technical experts in an ISO working group and is accepted for publication if it is approved by more than 50 % of the members of the parent committee casting a vote;
- an ISO Technical Specification (ISO/TS) represents an agreement between the members of a technical committee and is accepted for publication if it is approved by 2/3 of the members of the committee casting a vote.

An ISO/PAS or ISO/TS is reviewed after three years in order to decide whether it will be confirmed for a further three years, revised to become an International Standard, or withdrawn. If the ISO/PAS or ISO/TS is confirmed, it is reviewed again after a further three years, at which time it must either be transformed into an International Standard or be withdrawn.

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

ISO/TS 11602-2 was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 21, *Equipment for fire protection and fire fighting*, Subcommittee SC 2, *Manually transportable fire extinguishers*.

This first edition of ISO/TS 11602-2 cancels and replaces ISO 11602-2:2000, of which it constitutes a technical revision.

ISO 11602 consists of the following parts, under the general title *Fire protection — Portable and wheeled fire extinguishers*:

- *Part 1: Selection and installation* [Technical Specification]
- *Part 2: Inspection and maintenance* [Technical Specification]

Introduction

This part of ISO 11602 presents a limited number of provisions for the inspection and maintenance of portable and wheeled fire extinguishers, in the knowledge that different countries have particular environments and climates which can affect the size, shape and occupancy of buildings.

A country's specific building configurations can affect the inspection and maintenance of fire extinguishers; therefore, this part of ISO 11602 could be reinforced in respect of fire-extinguishing performance characteristics in the presentation of a general-purpose standard.

It is proposed that further investigation be undertaken in light of the above for the purposes of a future revision of this part of ISO 11602.

PREVIEW

PREVIEW

Fire protection — Portable and wheeled fire extinguishers —

Part 2: Inspection and maintenance

1 Scope

This part of ISO 11602 gives requirements for the selection and installation of portable and wheeled fire extinguishers. It is intended as a companion to ISO/TS 11602-1.

Fire extinguishers are a first line of defence against fires of limited size. They are needed even if the property is equipped with automatic sprinklers, standpipe and hose, or other fixed protection equipment.

This part of ISO 11602 is not applicable to permanently installed systems for fire extinguishment, even though portions of such systems may be portable (such as hose and nozzles attached to a fixed supply of extinguishing media).

Extinguishers for use on board aircraft, watercraft and vehicles are outside the scope of ISO 11602.

2 Normative references

The following referenced documents are indispensable for the application of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 5923, *Fire protection — Fire extinguishing media — Carbon dioxide*

ISO 7201-1, *Fire protection — Fire extinguishing media — Halogenated hydrocarbons — Part 1: Specifications for halon 1211 and halon 1301*

ISO 7201-2, *Fire extinguishing media — Halogenated hydrocarbons — Part 2: Code of practice for safe handling and transfer procedures of halon 1211 and halon 1301*

ISO 8421-1, *Fire protection — Vocabulary — Part 1: General terms and phenomena of fire*

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO 8421-1 and the following apply.

3.1

clean agent

electrically non-conductive gaseous or vaporizing fire extinguishant that does not leave a residue upon vaporization

[ISO 7165:2009, 3.5]